## The Present Simple Tense Explained 1 RAINBOW



Verbs come in three tenses: past tense, present tense, or future tense.

A tense shows the time an action happened.

- 1. The past tense describes actions that happened in the past.
- 2. The **present tense** is used to describe actions that are happening **right now**, **or actions that are continuous**.
- 3. The **future tense** is used to describe **actions that have yet to happen** (e.g., later, tomorrow, next week, next year, two years from now)

In this lesson we learn part one of four present tenses:

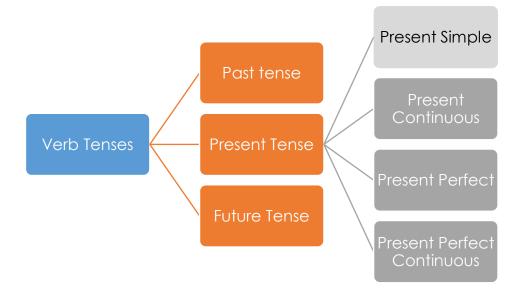
These four present tenses are:

#### 1 Present Simple: I work.

2 Present Continuous: I am working.

3 Present Perfect: I have worked.

4 Present Perfect Continuous: I have been working.



#### 2. Present Simple Explained: 2. Spelling Rules



Print this sheet and use it as long as necessary. Try to memorize the rules consciously by repeating.

1. he, she, it: add s with most verbs

- I like fishing.
- You like fishing.
- He likes fishina
- She likes fishina.
- It likes fishina.
- We like fishing.
- They like fishing.

2. verbs ending consonant + y: he, she, ít٠ change y to ie and add s

- I cry.
- You cry.
- He cries.
- She cries.
- It cries.
- We cry.
- They cry.

Consonants are: b,c,d,f,g,h,j,k,l,m,n,p,q,r,s,t,v,w,x,y,z Vowels are: a,e,i,o,u (easier: a e i o u are vowels. All other alphabet letters are consonants)

3. have: he, she, it: change have to has

- •I have a bicycle.
- You have a bicycle.
- •He has a bicycle.
- •She **has** a bicycle.
- •It has a bicycle.
- We have a bicycle.
- They have a bicycle.

4. verbs ending in consonant + o: add es.

- I do nothing.
- You do nothing.
- He does nothing.
- She does nothing.
- It does nothing.
- We do nothing.
- •They do nothing.

5. verbs ending: s,z,ch,sh and x: add es

- He watches TV.
- She kiss**es** her daughter. He boxes in the big stadium.
- She washes the dishes.
- It buzz**es** around.

**Spelling Rules 2** 

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#### 3.

## Present Simple Explained 3



Tip: Be careful with memorizing! Don't overstrain yourself by forcing the knowledge into your brain. Keywords are 'relax' and 'concentrate' when you study. Just read the text about 5 times on several days and you'll have it.

1. Basic verbs ending with: -ss -ch -sh -x, and o: add es.

> Don't forget: Only with: 'he' 'she' and 'it'.

and 'feelings'.

Verb Не push pushes. She fix fixes. It wishes. wish Не kiss kisses. She brush brushes. Ιt cross crosses. Не watch watches.

2. 'Opinions', 'likes',







I am very upset about this.

I hate hamburgers.

He likes to make snowmen.

# 4. Present Simple Explained 4 RAINBOW O



Some more 'opinion' verbs: Some more 'feelings' verbs:

I think. I am worried.

I believe. I am bored.

lagree. lam upset.

I disagree. I am depressed.

### 3. Repeated actions:

The action is repeated or happens usually.

I walk past Tom's house every day.

Jane shops at the supermarket **once a** week.

I visit France every 2 years.

We never read a newspaper.

I sometimes read magazines.

He often visits the night market.

Repeating Words

sometimes

every

never

usually

seldom

always

often

**Present Simple Explained 5** 

5.



#### 4. Statements of facts:

A statement is a short and very clear expression of facts by speaking or writing.

The action (fact) does not necessarily need to happen at this moment.

'Sandra works at a Christian hospital.'

This does not mean she is working there right now (at this moment). Maybe she is at home now.

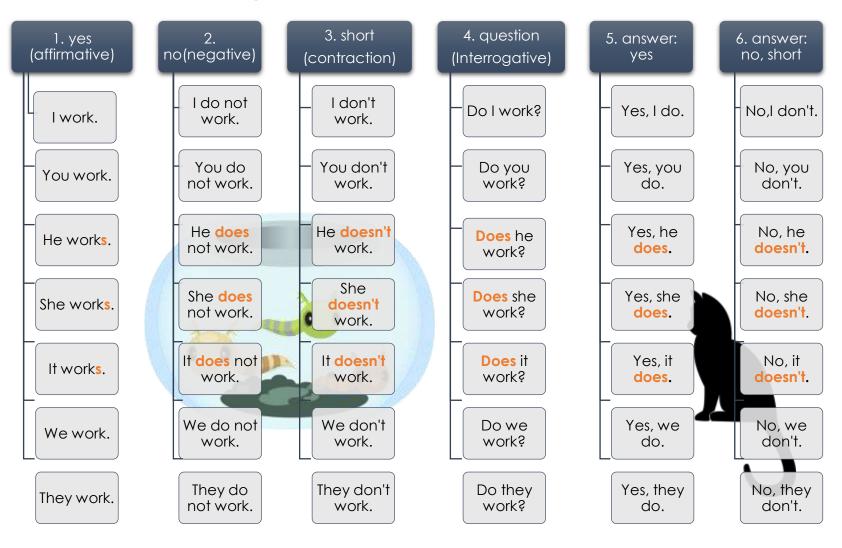
Sandra works at a Christian hospital.
Fons teaches at King's Royal College.
Clarence drives an off road motorcycle.
The rules say that students must come in time.

The cat takes good care of its kittens.



# 6. Print this Conjugations (different forms) Chart for longer Use.

Print this sheet and use it as long as necessary.



Conjugations (various forms) Chart

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